

**Table 3**  
**Medicaid and CHIP Income Eligibility Limits for Pregnant Women as of January 2016**

State	Percent of the FPL <sup>1</sup>			Annual Income		
	Medicaid	CHIP	Unborn Child Option <sup>2</sup>	Medicaid	CHIP	Unborn Child Option <sup>2</sup>
<b>Median</b>	<b>200%</b>	<b>258%</b>	<b>213%</b>	<b>\$40,320</b>	<b>\$52,012</b>	<b>\$42,940</b>
Alabama	146%			\$29,433		
Alaska	205%			\$41,328		
Arizona	161%			\$32,457		
Arkansas	214%		214%	\$43,142		\$43,142
California	213%		322%	\$42,940		\$64,915
Colorado	200%	265%		\$40,320	\$53,424	
Connecticut	263%			\$53,020		
Delaware	217%			\$43,747		
District of Columbia	211%	324%		\$42,537	\$65,318	
Florida	196%			\$39,513		
Georgia	225%			\$45,360		
Hawaii	196%			\$39,513		
Idaho	138%			\$27,820		
Illinois	213%		213%	\$42,940		\$42,940
Indiana <sup>3</sup>	218%			\$43,948		
Iowa	380%			\$76,608		
Kansas	171%			\$34,473		
Kentucky	200%			\$40,320		
Louisiana	138%		214%	\$27,820		\$43,142
Maine	214%			\$43,142		
Maryland	264%			\$53,222		
Massachusetts	205%		205%	\$41,328		\$41,328
Michigan	200%		200%	\$40,320		\$40,320
Minnesota	283%		283%	\$57,052		\$57,052
Mississippi	199%			\$40,118		
Missouri	201%			\$40,521		
Montana	162%			\$32,659		
Nebraska	199%		202%	\$40,118		\$40,723
Nevada	165%			\$33,264		
New Hampshire	201%			\$40,521		
New Jersey	199%	205%		\$40,118	\$41,328	
New Mexico	255%			\$51,408		
New York	223%			\$44,956		
North Carolina	201%			\$40,521		
North Dakota	152%			\$30,643		
Ohio	205%			\$41,328		
Oklahoma <sup>4</sup>	138%		190%	\$27,820		\$38,304
Oregon	190%		190%	\$38,304		\$38,304
Pennsylvania	220%			\$44,352		
Rhode Island	195%	258%	258%	\$39,312	\$52,012	\$52,012
South Carolina	199%			\$40,118		
South Dakota	138%			\$27,820		
Tennessee	200%		255%	\$40,320		\$51,408
Texas	203%		207%	\$40,924		\$41,731
Utah	144%			\$29,030		
Vermont	213%			\$42,940		
Virginia	148%	205%		\$29,836	\$41,328	
Washington	198%		198%	\$39,916		\$39,916
West Virginia	163%			\$32,860		
Wisconsin	306%		306%	\$61,689		\$61,689
Wyoming	159%			\$32,054		

SOURCE: Based on a national survey conducted by the Kaiser Commission on Medicaid and the Uninsured with the Georgetown University Center for Children and Families, 2016.

## TABLE 3 NOTES

1. January 2016 income limits reflect MAGI converted income standards, and include a disregard equal to five percentage points of the federal poverty level (FPL). As of 2016, the FPL for a family of three in 2015 was \$20,160.
2. The unborn child option permits states to consider the fetus a "targeted low-income child" for purposes of CHIP coverage.
3. Indiana uses a state-specific income disregard that is equal to five percent of the highest income eligibility threshold for the group.
4. Oklahoma offers a premium assistance program to pregnant women with incomes up to 205% FPL who have access to employer sponsored insurance through its Insure Oklahoma program.